Resources

# The Area Agency on Aging & Disabilities of Southwest Washington's Caregiver Corner

### Foil falls with knowledge and care

ost of us know someone who has experienced a fall, or we have fallen ourselves. Falls are the leading cause of fatal and nonfatal injuries for older adults. They don't need to be, though. Practical lifestyle adjustments, evidence-based falls prevention programs and clinical-community partnerships can substantially reduce the likelihood of falling.

According to the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and other research:

- Fourteen million, or 1 in 4, Americans ages 65 and older fall each year.
- In 2021, falls were responsible for 38,000 deaths among those ages 65 and over, and emergency departments reported 3 million visits by older adults as a result of falls.
- The cost of treating injuries caused by falls among older adults is projected to increase to over \$101 billion by 2030.
- Among older adults who fall, over half receive care in a hospital; the estimated annual average cost per inpatient visit for falls injuries is \$18,658 and \$1,112 per emergency department visit.
- Based on data from 2020, the total health care cost of nonfatal older adult falls is \$80 billion per year, up from \$50 billion in 2015. Sixty-seven percent of fall-related costs are paid for by Medicare, 4% by Medicaid, and 29% are paid privately/out-of-pocket by older adults and families.

Speak up!

Talk openly with your health care provider about fall risks and prevention.

- Tell your provider right away if you have fallen, are worried about falling or feel unsteady.
- · Keep an updated list of medications. Show all of them to your provider or pharmacist, including over-the-counter medications and supplements. Discuss any side effects, such as feeling dizzy or sleepy.
- · Discuss alcohol and other sub-
- Ask about taking vitamin D or calcium supplements to improve bone, muscle and nerve health.

Keep moving

Physical activities that improve balance and strengthen legs (like tai chi) can help prevent falls.

- Exercise and movement can also help you feel better and more confident.
- Check with your health care provider about the best type of exercise program for them.

Get a checkup

It might seem obvious, but being able to see, hear and walk comfortably can help prevent falls.

- People with vision loss have almost twice the risk of falls as adults without vision impair-
- People with hearing loss are nearly three times as likely to fall than those with normal hearing, but

wearing a hearing aid reduces the risk of falling by 50%.

· Lower body weakness and difficulties with walking and balance increase the risk for falls.

#### Focus on home safety

Most falls happen at home, but there are ways to avert them.

- Keep the floors clutter-free.
- · Remove small throw rugs or use double-sided tape to keep rugs from slipping.
- Add grab bars to the bathroom next to and inside the tub or shower, and next to the toilet.
- Have handrails and installed on all staircases.
- Make sure your home has plenty of light.

Take advantage of resources

Take the Falls Free Checkup at https://www.ncoa.org/tools/fallsfree-checkup/ to check your risk of falling, and talk with a health care provider about how to reduce it

The CDC has an evidence-based program to help prevent falls called Stopping Elderly Accidents, Deaths and Injuries for caregivers and health care professionals. Learn more about STEADI at https://www.cdc.gov/ steadi/index.html.

For assistance and information on classes or resources for fall prevention, call the Area Agency on Aging & Disabilities of Southwest Washington's Aging and Disability Resource Center at 360-694-8144 or email ClarkADRC@dshs.wa.gov.

AAADSW also offers Enhance Fitness classes for older adults (60plus) at several locations throughout Clark County. These evidencebased classes can be adapted to your mobility (from seated to standing) and are a free and fun way to



improve your overall balance and fitness. To learn more, visit https://www.helpingelders.org/ed ucation or call the ADRC at 360-694-8144 or email ClarkADRC@ dshs.wa.gov.

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